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| Prekės pavadinimas kataloge | Prekės pavadinimas, gamintojas, prekės kodas ar modelis | |
| *Biliaryl stent pseudocyst* | *Niti-S* *Niti-S NAGI stentai,Taewoong, kodų serija BsxxxxFW* | |
| Mokslinės publikacijos duomenys | Mokslinė publikacija Nr. 1 | Mokslinė publikacija Nr. 2 |
| Medžiaga ir šaltiniai (ISI indeksą turintis mokslinis leidinys.  Nurodyti ISI indeksą tų metų, kuriais buvo išleista teikiama publikacija.  ISI indeksą sudaro Thomson Reuters (pasitikrinti pvz.: http://jcr.incites.thomsonreuters.com) | GASTROINTESTINAL ENDOSCOPY 2017/ Gastrointest Endosc. 2017 Jun;85(6):1243-1252. Endoscopic "step-up approach" using a dedicated biflanged metal stent reduces the need for direct necrosectomy in walled-off necrosis (with videos). | ZEITSCHRIFT FUR GASTROENTEROLOGIE 2016 ISI 1.618  Z Gastroenterol. 2016 Jan;54(1):26-30. Endoscopic therapy for infected pancreatic necrosis using fully covered self-expandable metal stents: combination of transluminal necrosectomy, transluminal and percutaneous drainage. |
| Mokslinės publikacijos autorius/-iai | Lakhtakia S1, Basha J1, Talukdar R1, Gupta R1, Nabi Z1, Ramchandani M1, Kumar BVN1, Pal P1, Kalpala R1, Reddy PM1, Pradeep R1, Singh JR1, Rao GV1, Reddy DN1. | Albers D1, Toermer T1, Charton JP2, Neuhaus H2, Schumacher B1. |
| Mokslinio leidinio ISI indeksas | ISI 7.204 | ISI 1.618 |
| Tyrimo populiacija | 200 | 13 |
| Tyrimo rezultatai | Two hundred five WON patients underwent EUS-guided drainage using BFMSs. Technical success was achieved in 203 patients (99%). Periprocedure adverse events occurred in 8 patients (bleeding in 6, perforation in 2). Clinical success with BFMSs alone was seen in 153 patients (74.6%). Reintervention adopting the step-up approach was required in 49 patients (23.9%). Incremental success was achieved in 10 patients with step 1, 16 patients with step 2, and 19 patients with step 3. Overall clinical success was achieved in 198 patients (96.5%), with DEN required in 9.2%. Four patients failed treatment and required surgery (2) or percutaneous drainage (2). | A sustained clinical success was achieved in 12 of 13 cases (CRP before therapy 23.5 ± 14.4 mg/L, after 3.1 ± 2.6 mg/lL). Discharge occurred after 2.5 ± 22.4 days. The self-expanding metal stent was extracted after 82.5 ± 56.6 days. Mean follow up was 8.5 ± 5.9 months. |
| Tyrimo išvados | The endoscopic step-up approach using BFMSs was safe, effective, and yielded successful outcomes in most patients, reducing the need for DEN. | Our concept of combining transluminal drainage, direct endoscopic necrosectomy and percutaneuos drainage offers a safe and reliable alternative to surgery, even in case of extended necrosis. |